US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

PERMITTING REQUIREMENTS FOR ALGAE AND AQUATIC WEED CONTROL

State Water Resources Control Board



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OVERVIEW

- 1) Regulatory Background
- 2) Overview of the Statewide General Permit
 - Application Procedure
 - Standard & Special Provisions
 - Effluent & Receiving Water Limits
 - Monitoring Requirements
 - Aquatic Pesticide Application Plan (APAP) Requirements
 - Corrective Actions
 - Notification, Reporting & Record Keeping Requirements
 - SIP Exceptions
- 3) Program Contacts & Information

- Current Permitting Requirements
 - Clean Water Act (i.e., National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System or NPDES) permit required to discharge Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) approved pesticide active ingredients and residues
- Future Permitting Requirements
 - H.R. 897
 - Amends FIFRA and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
 - Prohibits EPA or a state from requiring a Clean Water Act permit for discharge of FIFRA approved pesticide active ingredients and residues
 - Passed House and placed on Senate Calendar in July 2016

- Algae control approaches within the NPDES framework
 - Algaecides and herbicides approved for aquatic use
 - Dyes approved for aquatic use
 - Anionic polyacrylamide & oxidizers
 - Flocculants and coagulants: alum, ferric salts, clay, polyaluminum chloride, PhosLok™
 - Barley straw
 - Biological manipulation with bacteria and viruses
- Algae control approaches outside of the NPDES framework
 - Mixing/Aeration
 - Ultra Sound
 - Floating artificial wetlands
 - Mechanical harvesting

- Statewide General NPDES Permit
 - Applicable when using FIFRA and California Department of Pesticide Regulation (DPR) approved pesticide active ingredients listed in the permit



- Issued by State Water Resources Control Board
- Water Quality Order 2013-0002-DWQ
 General NPDES Permit CAG990005
- Individual NPDES Permit
 - Applicable when using pesticide active ingredients not listed in the statewide, general permit
 - Applicable when adding non-pesticide chemical controls
 - Issued by Regional Water Quality Control Boards

- > Currently approved pesticide active ingredients in the statewide, general NPDES permit
 - 2,4-D,
 - acrolein,
 - calcium hypochlorite,
 - copper,
 - diquat,
 - endothall,
 - flumioxazin,
 - fluridone,
 - glyphosate,

- hydrogen peroxide,
- imazamox,
- imazapyr,
- penoxsulam,
- peroxyacetic acid,
- sodium carbonate peroxyhydrate,
- sodium hypochlorite, and
- triclopyr.

- Adding active ingredients to the statewide, general NPDES permit
 - Once pesticide active ingredient is:
 - FIFRA approved for algae and aquatic weed control in aquatic environments, and
 - DPR approved for algae and aquatic weed control in aquatic environments
 - Manufacturer requests FIFRA and DPR registration/approval
 - DWQ staff amend statewide, general NPDES permit to add active ingredient
 - Executive Director delegated action
 - 3-4 months to process amendment

- Activities in the Bay Delta
 - California Division of Boating and Waterways (DBW) area of responsibility for aquatic weed control
 - Operate under the statewide, general NPDES permit and U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service Biological Opinion
 - Any proposed pesticides applications within legal Bay-Delta boundary must coordinate with DBW and operate under their permit
 - DBW Weed Control Contact
 - (888) 326-2822

OVERVIEW OF THE STATEWIDE GENERAL NPDES PERMIT

Water Quality Order 2013-0002-DWQ General NPDES Permit CAG990005

Application Procedure

- Submit NOI, APAP and Fee at least <u>90 days</u> prior to first pesticide application, prior enrollees will be billed for fee;
- Staff posts APAP for a 30-day public comment period, Staff/Discharger address public comments, Staff posts revised APAP, as required;
- State Water Board issues Notice of Applicability (NOA);
- Coverage starts on NOA issuance date.

Standard Provisions

Permit does not authorize:

- (1) Discharge to water bodies impaired by the active ingredient in the pesticide;
- (2) Discharge to waters of outstanding national resource;
- (3) Take of endangered species.

All adjuvants used with the algaecides and aquatic herbicides must be labeled for aquatic use.

Special Provisions

- Corrective actions similar to those in USEPA's Pesticide General Permit.
- Reopener for numerical toxicity limit if such limits are added to the policy for Implementation of Toxics Standards for Inland Surface Waters, Enclosed Bays, and Estuaries of California or SIP.

Effluent Limitations

- The discharge of residual algaecides and aquatic herbicides must meet applicable water quality standards;
- Dischargers shall implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) when applying aquatic algaecides and aquatic herbicides. The BMPs must be provided in the APAP.

Receiving Water Limitations

Must Meet Basin Plan Numeric Objective for:

Dissolved Oxygen.

Must Meet Basin Plan Narrative Objectives for:

- Floating Material,
- Settleable Substances,
- Suspend Material,
- Taste and Odors,
- Color,
- Aquatic Community Degradation,
- Toxic Pollutants.

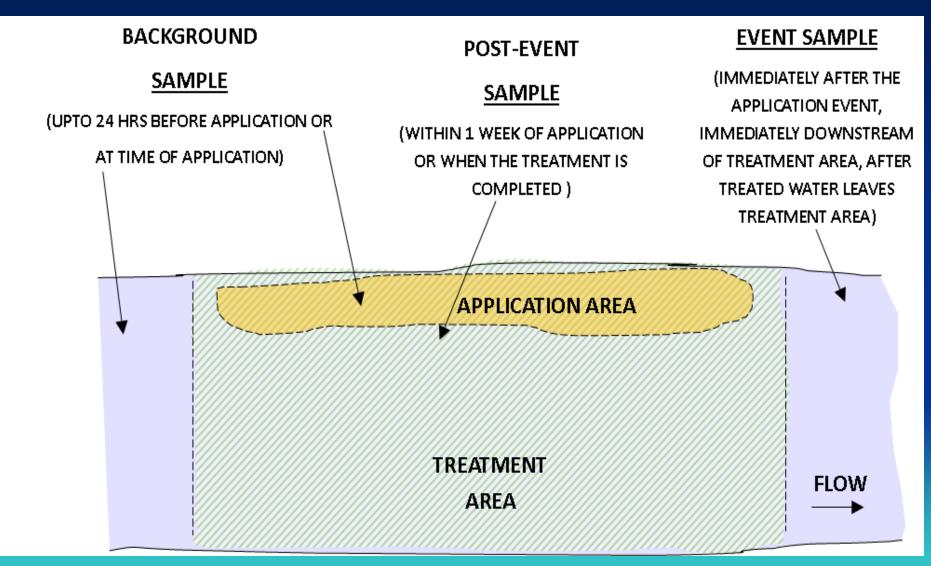
Numeric Receiving Water Limitations

Constituent/ Parameter	MUN, μg/L	WARM or COLD, μg/L	Other than MUN, WARM, or COLD, µg/L	All Designations	Basis	
2,4-D	70				U.S. EPA MCL	
Acrolein ²	320	21	780		U.S. EPA Water Quality Criteria, 1986.	
Chlorine		Freshwater Acute Criterion = 20 µg/L			U.S. EPA's Ambient Water Quality Criteria for Freshwater Aquatic Life Protection	
		Saltwater Acute Criterion = < 10 µg/L			California Ocean Plan	
Copper ²				Dissolved Freshwater ³ Copper Chronic = 0.960exp{0.8545 [ln(hardness ⁴)] – 1.702} ^{5, 6} Dissolved Saltwater ³ Copper Chronic = 3.1 µg/L ^{5,6}	California Toxics Rule	
Diquat	20				U.S. EPA MCL	
Endothall	100				U.S. EPA MCL	
Fluridone	560				U.S. EPA Integrated Risk Information System	
Glyphosate	700				U.S. EPA MCL	
Nonylphenol				Freshwater Chronic Criterion = 6.6 μg/L Saltwater Chronic Criterion = 1.7 μg/L	U.S. EPA National Recommended Ambient Water Quality Criteria	
Toxicity	Algaecide ar water(s).	Regional Water Boards' Basin Plans				

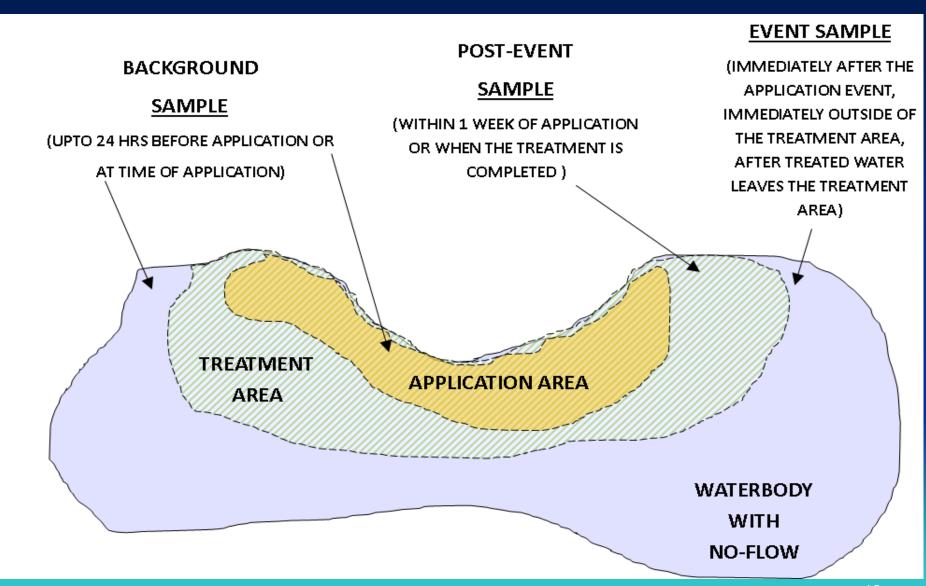
MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

Sample Type		Constituent/Parameter	Units	Sample Method	Minimum Sampling Frequency	Sample Type Requirement	Required Analytical Test Method
Visual	1. 2. 3.	Monitoring area description (pond, lake, open waterway, channel, etc.) Appearance of waterway (sheen, color, clarity, etc.) Weather conditions (fog, rain, wind, etc.)	Not applicable	Visual Observation	All applications at all sites.	Background, Event and Post-event Monitoring	Not applicable
	1.	Temperature ^(FIELD TEST)	°F		6 samples per setting per yr. 1 sample per setting per yr. after 6 consecutive < limit/trigger 1 sample per setting per yr. for glyphosate	Background, Event and Post-event Monitoring	40 C.F.R. part 136
	2.	pH ^(FIELD OR LAB TEST)	Number				
	3.	Turbidity ^(FIELD OR LAB TEST)	NTU	Grab			
Physical	4.	Electric Conductivity @ 25°C (FIELD OR LAB TEST)	µmhos/cm	@ 3' Depth or mid-water column if < 3' deep			
	1.	Active Ingredient	μg/L	Grab @ 3' Depth or mid-water	6 samples per setting per yr. 1 sample per setting per yr. after 6 consecutive < limit/trigger 1 sample per setting per yr. for glyphosate	Background, Event and Post-event Monitoring	40 C.F.R. part 136
	2.	Nonylphenol (if surfactant is used)	μg/L				
Chemical	3.	Hardness (if copper is monitored)	mg/L				
	4.	Dissolved Oxygen ^(FIELD TEST)	mg/L	column if < 3' deep			

SAMPLE TYPES & LOCATIONS FLOWING WATER



SAMPLE TYPES & LOCATIONS NO FLOW



AQUATIC PESTICIDE APPLICATION PLAN (APAP)

APAP Elements Include:

- <u>Describe</u> procedures to be used to prevent monitoring sample contamination;
- <u>Describe</u> pesticide degradation by-products, if known.

APAP ELEMENTS

- <u>Describe</u> minimum BMPs to be implemented, to include:
- (1) Spill prevention;
- (2) Ensuring appropriate application rates consistent with label requirements;
- (3) Applicator education on adverse effects of pesticides used;
- (4) Coordination & planning with farmers and agencies whose water diversion rights may be potentially affected;
- (5) Fish kill prevention.

APAP ELEMENTS

- Discuss alternative methods of control:
- (1) No Action;
- (2) Prevention;
- (3) Mechanical & Physical Control;
- (4) Cultural Methods;
- (5) Biological Control Agents;
- (6) Algaecides and aquatic herbicides.

Monitoring Program

Annual Physical & Chemical Monitoring Frequency:

- (>6) application events: collect samples for a minimum of 6 events for each active ingredient in each environmental setting (flowing & non-flowing water);
- (≤ 6) application events: collect samples for each event for each active ingredient in each environmental setting (flowing & non-flowing water).

Monitoring Program

- Only sample from one application event from each environmental setting (flowing water and nonflowing water) per year required for glyphosate;
- Nonylphenol required only when a surfactant is used;
- Monitoring triggers for flumioxazin, imazapyr, and triclopyr;
- Sample Background, Event, and Post-Event.

Corrective Actions

If exceed receiving water quality limitations or monitoring triggers:

- Initiate additional investigations;
- Implement BMPs to reduce active ingredient concentrations in future applications;
- Evaluate changing to use of alternative products.

Notification

Public Notification

- Notify potentially affected public agencies each year
 15 days prior to first application;
- Post the notification on the Discharger's website, if available.

Planned Changes

 Provide notification to <u>State</u> and Regional Water Boards, as soon as possible, of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted activity or discharge.

Adverse Incident Notification

Notify the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) Santa Rosa office by phone at (707) 575-6050 in the case of an adverse incident to a threatened or endangered anadromous or marine species or their critical habitat

Notify the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) at (916) 414-6600 in the case of an adverse incident to a threatened or endangered terrestrial or freshwater species or their critical habitat

Reporting

Annual Report Due Date

Due March 1 of each year.

Non-Compliance Reporting

- Provide notification phone call to <u>State</u> & Regional Water Board within 24 hours of becoming aware of non-compliance;
- Provide written report describing noncompliance to <u>State</u> & Regional Water Board within 5 days of becoming aware of noncompliance.

SIP EXCEPTIONS

- Grants short-term or seasonal exception from WQOs to public entities or mutual water companies
- Applicable to copper and acrolein = USEPA Priority Pollutants (PPs), California
 Toxics Rule (CTR) applies
- Discharge of PPs > Water Quality Objective (WQO) into receiving waters or in treatment area after treatment is complete is prohibited
- Can't meet these WQOs?
 - Apply for a State Implementation Policy (SIP) Section 5.3 Exception
 - Provide to the State Water Board:
 - 1. Description of the proposed action
 - 2. Schedule
 - 3. Monitoring plan
 - 4. CEQA documentation
 - 5. Contingency plan (if necessary)
 - 6. Get on SWRCB agenda for consideration during permit re-opening

Record Keeping & Biologist Certification

Application Log

Type & amount of pesticide used.

Qualified Biologist Certification

 Dischargers with SIP Exception shall provide certification by a qualified biologist after pesticide applications that beneficial uses of receiving waters have been restored.

Permit Processing Timelines & Streamlining Opportunities

Permit Processing Timelines

 90 Days from permit application submittal to receipt of Notice of Applicability (i.e., authorization/permit to apply pesticides)

Streamlining Opportunities

• Email completed and signed application materials to Water Board staff. Water Board staff will start the application processing on receipt of email. Mail original signed NOI to Water Board staff to complete application.

PROGRAM CONTACTS & INFO

Russell Norman, P.E.
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Gil Vazquez
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California Aquatic Pesticide Permit ("Weed Permit"): http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/npdes/aquatic.shtml

List Serve Sign-Up:

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/resources/email_subscriptions/swrcb_subscribe.shtml

Select: "Water Quality" and the "Pesticide Aquatic Weed" and/or "Pesticide Aquatic Weed APAP (Aquatic Pesticide Application Plan)" Lyris Lists to receive email notifications.

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